

The genetic background of clinical mastitis in Holstein-Friesian cattle

J. Szyda^{1,2}, **M. Mielczarek**^{1,2}, M. Frąszczak¹, G. Minozzi^{3,4}, R. Giannico⁴, J L. Williams⁵, K. Wojdak-Maksymiec⁶

¹Biostatistics Group, Department of Genetics, Wrocław University of Environmental and Life Sciences, Wrocław, Poland; ²National Research Institute of Animal Production, Wrocław, Poland; ³Department of Veterinary Medicine, University of Milan, Milan, Italy; ⁴Fondazione Parco Tecnologico Padano, Lodi, Italy; ⁵Davies Research Centre, School of Animal and Veterinary Sciences, University of Adelaide, Roseworthy, Australia; ⁶Department of Animal Genetics, West Pomeranian University of Technology, Szczecin, Poland.

Presenting author: magda.mielczarek@upwr.edu.pl, magdam@illinois.edu

www.theta.edu.pl

Objectives

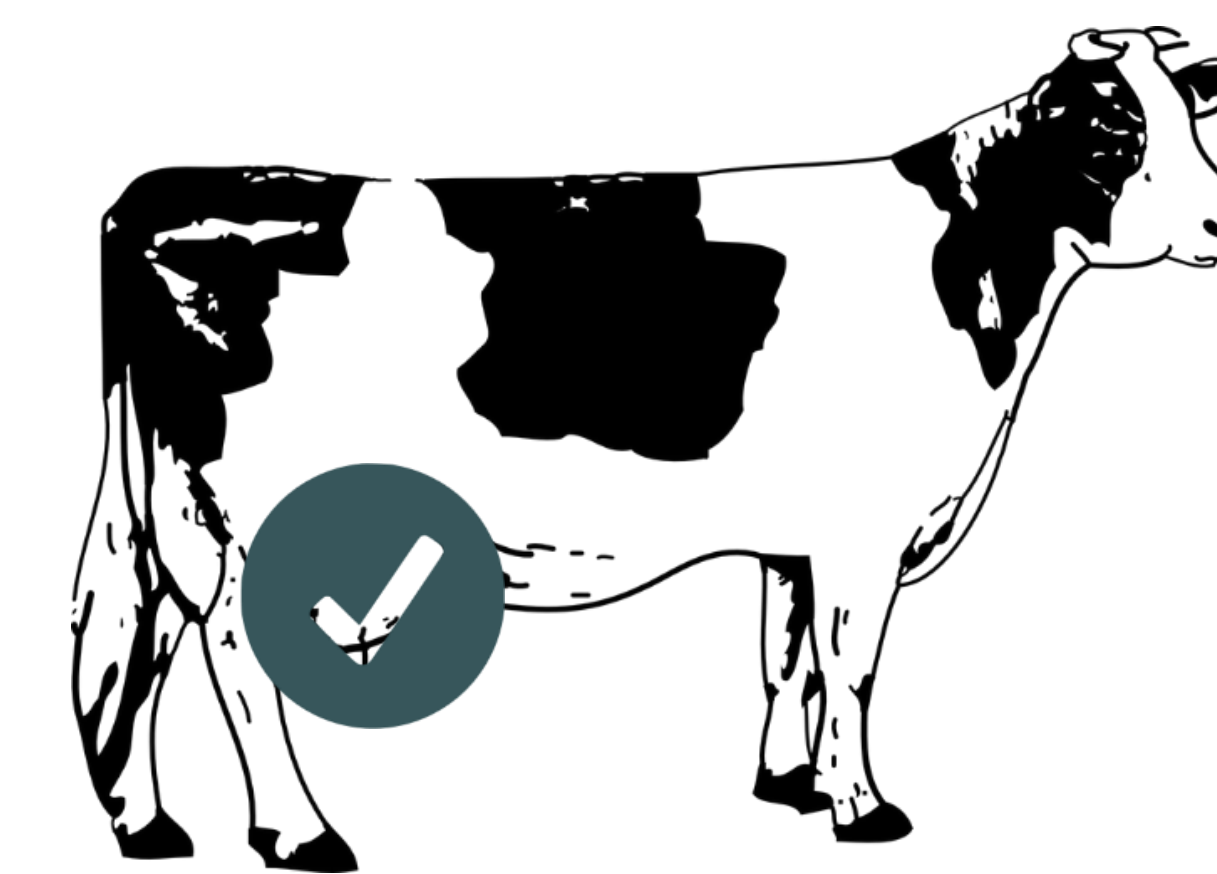
Characterization of links between single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs), copy number variants (CNVs) and the incidence of clinical mastitis (CM)

Conclusions

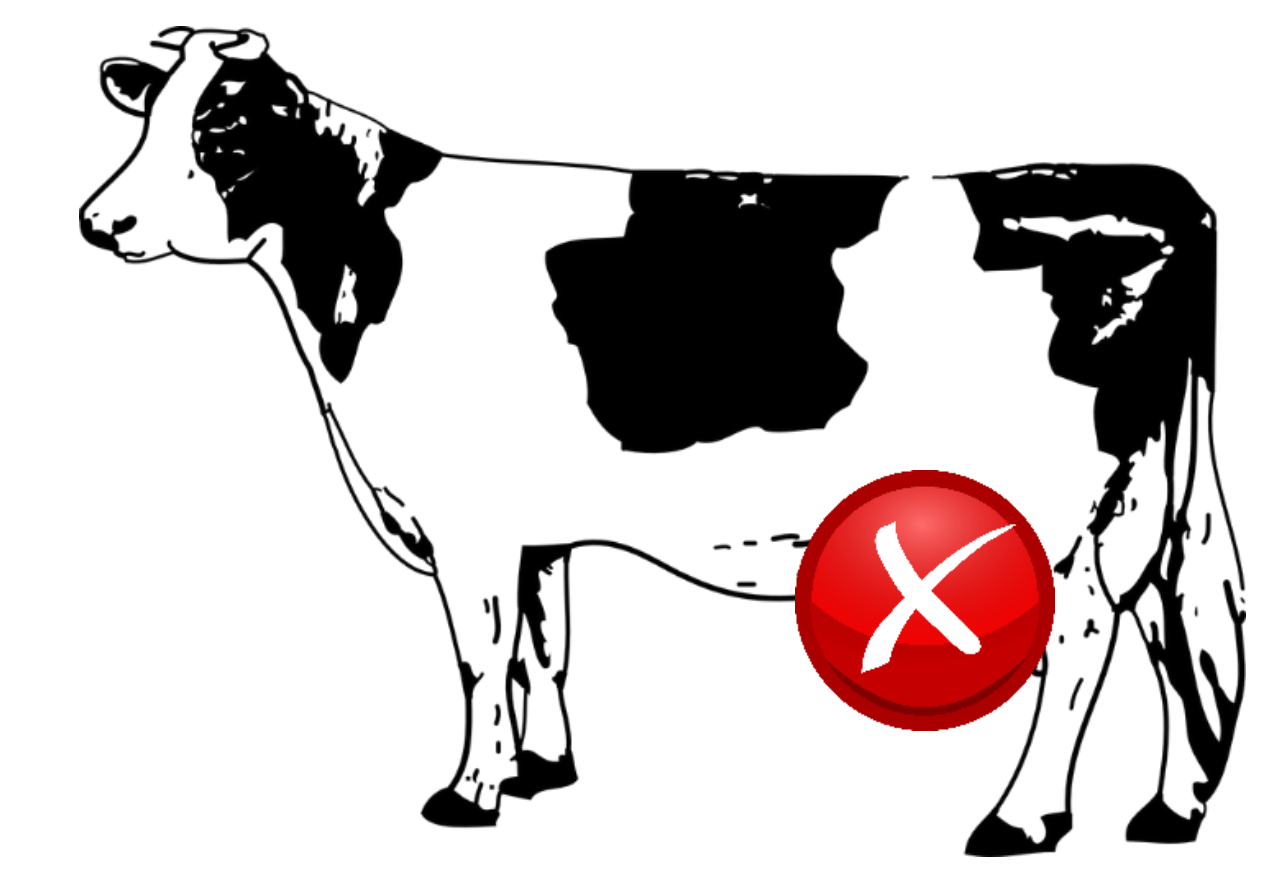
- CNVs play an important role in the susceptibility to CM
- Identified genes are involved in immune response
- Deletions – more severe consequences on reducing resistance against CM, than...
- Duplications – on increasing resistance to CM

Data set

- 32 Polish Holstein Friesian cows
- 16 paternal half-sibs
- Illumina HiSeq 2000
- Coverage 5x – 17x
- NCBI BioProject PRJNA359667



Healthy (H)



Sick (S)

Results

SNPs

Introns of genes with differences in SNP genotypes between sick and healthy cows

RefSeq coding ring finger protein 122 (10/16 half-sibs)

- cell viability and immune response

MET proto-oncogene receptor tyrosine kinase (9/16 half-sibs)

- processes related to inflammation, cancerogenesis

WRN gene (8/16 half-sibs)

- premature aging in humans, increased susceptibility to infection

CNV DELETIONS

Exons deleted in a sick cow, but present in its healthy half-sib exhibits potential causal influence CM (at least 7 half-sibs pairs)

FOXL2: forkhead box L2

- role in inflammation

SSFA2: sperm specific antigen 2

- associated with SCS = indicator of CM
- overlaps with QTL for bovine immunoglobulin G

ADORA2A: adenosine A2a receptor

- modulating tissue response to inflammation
- in mice highly expressed in mammary gland

DGVa: Hou *et al.* 2011

NDUFS6: NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase subunit S6

- QTL for SCS = CM indicator

DGVa: Boussaha *et al.* 2015

TXNRD2: thioredoxin reductase 2

- candidate for influencing susceptibility to *S.aureus*

DGVa: Hou *et al.* 2011

APP: amyloid beta precursor

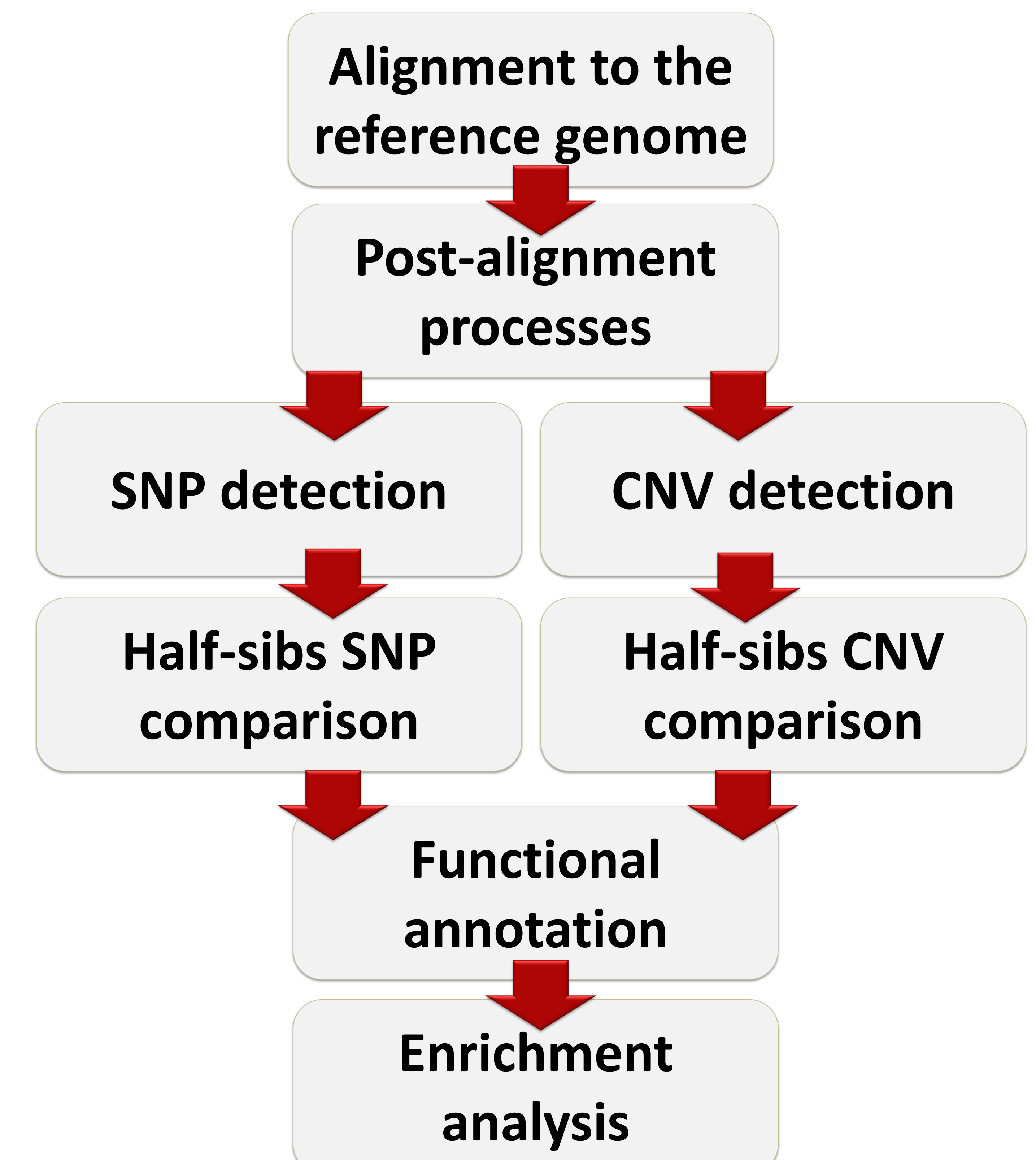
- bactericidal and antifungal activities in human
- molecular markers for SCM in ruminants

OTUD3: deubiquitinase 3

- associated with inflammatory bowel disease in humans

DGVa: Keel *et al.* 2017

Methods



Acknowledgements